United States Department of Agriculture

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

NOTICES OF JUDGMENT UNDER THE FOOD AND DRUGS ACT

[Given pursuant to section 4 of the food and drugs act]

17376-17400

[Approved by the Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., February 10, 1931]

17376. Adulteration and misbranding of Anti-Flamma plaster. U. S. v. 2% Dozen Packages of Anti-Flamma Plaster. Decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. No. 24101. I. S. No. 019768. S. No. 2346.)

On or about October 1, 1929, the United States attorney for the District of Kansas, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 2% dozen packages of Anti-Flamma plaster at Atchison, Kans., alleging that the article had been shipped by the Bayles Distributing Co., from Kansas City, Mo., on or about July 27, 1929, and transported from the State of Missouri into the State of Kansas, and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this department showed that it was a plaster containing red lead and linseed oil in an adhesive base. Bac-

teriological examination showed that the article was not antiseptic.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that its strength fell below the professed standard or quality under which it was sold, viz: (Can) "Antiseptic * * * A Powerful Fungicide * * * Germs flee from Anti-Flamma Poultice Plaster;" (circular) "Germs flee from Anti-Flamma."

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the following statements appearing in the labeling were false and misleading: (Can) "Antiseptic * * * A Powerful Fungicide and Penetrating Poultice * * * Germs flee from Anti-Flamma Poultice Plaster;" (circular) "Germs flee from Anti-Flamma." Misbranding was alleged for the further reason that the following statements, appearing on the can containing the article and in the accompanying circular. were false and fraudulent in that the article contained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing the effects claimed: (Can) "Leg Sores, Abscesses, * * * Boils, Blood Poisoning, Carbuncles, * * * Felons, Fistula, * * * Proud Flesh, Rusty Nail Punctures, Ulcers, etc. Anti-Flamma * * * will be found invaluable in the treatment of highly inflamed, painful or dangerous wounds and old sores. For Blood-Poisoning in incipient or advanced states. It positively and permanently heals Varicose Ulcers, or other old sores. Fresh wounds remain free from inflammation or soreness; (top of can) "Old Sores;" and (circular accompanying portion of article) "Leg Sores * * * Anti-Flamma Plaster. The New Discovery for the Treatment of Swollen, Inflamed, Itchy and Ulcerated Legs. This book gives a tangible explanation of leg sores and other leg complications, and scientifically explains the action of Anti-Flamma Poultice Plaster. which is a specific for the disease. A careful understanding of the contents of this book will place you in a position to successfully treat any case * *

This cut shows the manner in which Anti-Flamma Plaster dissolves the dead bone from healthy bone. No. 1 came from the knuckle joint of the thumb. No. 2 are scales loosened from shin bone which was injured by a surgical operation. [Inset here showing 8 different specimens described on this page.] No. 3 is the spongy inside of first joint of finger. For description of case see Bone Felons, page 40. Nos. 4, 5 and 6 are solid bone dissolved from bone abscess just below the knees, caused by white swelling on a boy 10 years old. Nos. 7 and 8 are pieces of bone from bone abscess on the leg of a young girl. These pictures show the bones exact size. Anti-Flamma Poultice Plaster is Not Only a Remedy for all Kinds of Sores but Will Reduce Swelling and Relieve Deep-Seated Pain. * * * Leg Trouble * * * Abscesses, Animal Bites, Bed Sores, Blisters, Blood Poisoning in Wounds, Boils, Bone Abscesses. * * * Cancer, * * * Carbuncles, Chilblains, * * * Diseased Tissue, Eating Sores, Erysipelas, Eczema, Felons, Fistula, * * * Inflammation, Ingrowing Toe Nails, * * * Pleurisy, Pneumonia, Proud Flesh, Rusty Nail Wounds, * * * Suspicious Sores, Warts * * * Phlebitis * * * Rheumatism and Cramps. * * * Varicose Veins * * * eczema, weeping eczema, saltrheum, etc. * * * erysipelas, blood poison, etc. * * * hydropsy. * * * bone ulcer, or bone disease, * * * varicose ulcer or varicose trouble, * * * syphilitic ulcer; * * * milk leg. * * * fever sores, * * * scrofula. * * * shin ulcer, tibia ulcer, ankle ulcer, chronic ulcer, indolent ulcer, leg ulcer, * * * kidney trouble, constipation, that tired, exhausted, wornout and run-down feeling, chills and fever, fainting spells, female complaint, rash, hives and itching over the body, weakness in the lungs * * * eye trouble * * * loss of weight * * * Flamma draws out the poisons and improves the health. * * * Flamma draws out the poisons, reduces the swelling, stops the pain and puts you back on your feet. * * * sores * * * Abcess * * * Anti-Flamma will clear the diseased portion from the healthy bone * * * Syphilis * * * cancerous sores, * * * Proud Flesh and Diseased Tissue in Wounds. * * * Eating Sores on the Body. * * * Rheumatism. * * * cancerous sores, * * * Proud Flesh and Diseased Tissue in Wounds. * * * Eating Sores on the Body. * * Rheumatism. * Cancer. * * * From the many favorable reports we receive from (those using it on cancerous sores, we suggest that everyone suffering from sores of this nature give them a most thorough course of treatment with the plaster. In nine out of ten cases the results will prove that they are not cancers, but only persistent sores. If such is the case, 'Anti-Flamma' will certainly effect a cure. If you have a cancer Anti-Flamma Plaster will afford the greatest amount of comfort, as it seals the sore from the air, keeps it perfectly clean and free from odor."

On October 26, 1929, the Bayles Distributing Co., Kansas City, Mo., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree of condemnation and forfeiture, judgment was entered ordering that the product be released to the said claimant upon the execution of a bond in the sum of \$250, conditioned in part that it be relabeled and should not be sold or shipped in violation of the Federal food and drugs act.

It was further ordered that the claimant pay costs.

ARTHUR M. HYDE, Secretary of Agriculture.

17377. Misbranding of Sakula salve. U. S. v. 6 Tubes of Sakula Salve. Default decree of condemnation, forfeiture, and destruction. (F. & D. No. 24328. I. S. Nos. 017665, 017836. S. No. 2591.)

On December 11, 1929, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Ohio, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for said district a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 6 tubes of Sakula salve at Cincinnati, Ohio, alleging that the article had been shipped by the Yamato Co. (Inc.), from Minneapolis, Minn., on or about September 8, 1929, and transported from the State of Minnesota into the State of Ohio, and charging misbranding in violation of the food and drugs act as amended.

Analysis of a sample of the article by this department showed that it consisted essentially of fat, wax, rosin, and volatile material, including camphor.

The article was labeled in part: (Tube) "Constructive and Reliable Remedy for Running Sores, Eczema, Blood-poisoning * * * it relieves Gangrene, it draws the poison out and aids nature in healing * * * Spread